

INTEGRATING GOVERNMENT AND CONTRACTOR OPERATIONS



Advanced Amphibious Assault Vehicle (AAAV)

Program

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AGENDA



- Program Evolution and Milestones
- Mission and System Descriptions
- Program Schedule
- Pillars of Government and Contractor Integration
 - Pillar #1: Command/Management Philosophy
 - Pillar #2: Personnel Organization/Integrated Product Teams
 - Pillar #3: Co-Location
 - Pillar #4: Information Technology
- Questions



AAAV...REVOLUTIONIZING EXPEDITIONARY MANEUVER WARFARE

Future:

WWII Technology & Doctrine

Past:

- **Deficiencies:**
 - Tactical Mobility
 - Close Combat
 - Command & Control
- **New System Validation:**
- Three AOA's/COEA's
- Comprehensive Whole Systems Trade Study

Development

23 Awards Including Two Packard Awards

- Operational Reach Land and Water Maneuver
- **Seamless** Maneuver
- Precision Lethality
- Defensive Stand-off Space for Force Protection of the Amphibious Task Force

1940 1950 1970 2006 +



Water Speed: 5 Knots
Land Speed: 20 MPH
Firepower: .30 Caliber



5 Knots 30 MPH 7.62 MM



6 Knots 35 MPH .50 Caliber / 40 MM Auto Grena<u>de Lau</u>ncher

25 Knots 45 MPH 30 MM Chain Gun 7.62 Coax



PROGRAM MILESTONES



- Milestone 0 in 1988, Entered C/E Phase
 - AAAV Concepts Developed by UDLP and GDLS
- Milestone I in 1995, Entered Demonstration/Validation Phase (Product Definition and Risk Reduction (PDRR) Phase)
 - AAAV Concept Approved As the Most Militarily Effective and Most Cost Effective
 - Down-selected to GDLS
 - GDLS had Winning AAAV Concept Design
- DemVal Contract Awarded June 1996
 - Required Extensive Requirements Analysis Through June 1998
- Prototype 1 "Roll Out" June 1999
- Commenced DT Testing Nov 1999
- Prototype 1 Land Testing Dec 1999
- Prototype 1 Water Testing Jan 2000
- Prototype 2 "Roll Out" July 2000
- Milestone II on 29 Nov 2000, Approval given to enter SD&D Phase



OPERATIONAL REACH / TACTICAL FLEXIBILITY



Operational Maneuver:

- Transforming Littorals Water and Shores
 To Maneuver Space
- Expanded Operational Reach
- <u>-- Unprecedented Tactical Flexibility</u>
- Increased Force Protection
 - WMD...Joint Gun...Armor

4000 meters

ATF OBJ

How we are...



THREAT RANGE

4000 meters

How we need to be...



25 Nautical Miles

Enhanced Warfighting Capabilities:

- Four Times the Maneuver Speed on the Water
- Multiple Options / Enroute
 Decision capability for the
 Landing Force Commander
- Dramatically Increased Lethality (30mm, Fire on-the-move, All Weather/Day/Night)
- Eight Times the Stand-off Distance for Force Protection

Exploiting Threat Weakness

High Water Speed & Rapid

Seamless Maneuver Ashore



AAAV(P) SYSTEM DESCRIPTION



LETHALITY

- Destroy light armored vehicles
- 30mm Cannon
- Mk 46 Naval Weapon Station/Turret Capable of growth to Supershot 40mm



MOBILITY

- High Speed Transit From Ships to Inland Objectives
- Land Mobility Equivalent to the M1A1
- High Water Speed in Excess of 20 Knots
- Carries 20 Marines,
 17 Combat Equipped
 Marines & 3 Crew

SURVIVABILITY

- Armor Protection
 Against Direct/indirect Fire
- Armor Is Modular, Ceramic on Composite & Ceramic on Aluminum
- Nuclear, Biological, Chemical Protected, Cooled Filtered Air to Crew & Troops

COMMUNICATION SYSTEMS

- C4I for joint operations
- Conform to Department of Defense Joint Technical Architecture
- Interoperable



AAAV(C) SYSTEM DESCRIPTION



C2 SYSTEMS

- Advanced Field Artillery Tactical Data System
- C2 Personal Computer
- Intelligence Analysis System
- Tactical Operations Combat

OPEN SYSTEMS

 Flexibility for Technology and Software Enhancements

NAVIGATION SYSTEMS

- Global Positioning System
- Inertial Navigation System
- Compass

LETHALITY

• 7.62mm, M240 Machine Gun

VEHICLE PERFORMANCE

 Mobility, Armor Protection, Same as the AAAV(P)

COMMUNICATION CAPABILITY

- 6 Single Channel Ground and Air Radio Systems
- 2 Enhanced Precision

Location

Reporting System radios

- 2 Multi-Mode Multi-Band Radios
- Wireless Voice Intercom
- Migration to Joint Tactical Radio System planned for the future
- High Frequency Radio
- Interoperable

MOBILE COMMAND AND CONTROL

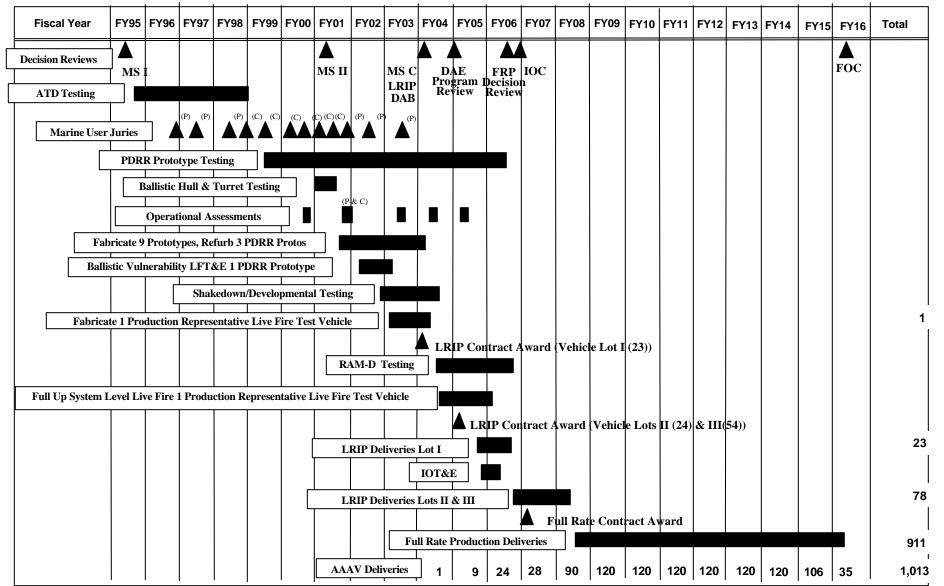
- Accommodates a staff of 6-9 Marines
- Vehicle Crew of 3





AAAV PROGRAM SCHEDULE







GOVERNMENT & CONTRACTOR INTEGRATION





DRPM AAA and GDAS Relationship



PILLAR # 1: COMMAND / MANAGEMENT PHILOSOPHY



- Program Manager "Sets the Tone" for the Relationship and Ensures that it Flows to Every Member of the Team
- An IPPD Process That's Put Into Practice
- Establishment of Long-Term Commitments with our Industry Partner(s) (R&D, Production and Life Cycle Management) that Builds Trust and Confidence
- Use of Teambuilding (Joint Training and Education for Every Employee)
- Shared Success (We're in it Together...Failure is **NOT** an Option)
- Open and Daily Communication in Both Directions



PILLAR # 2: PERSONNEL ORGANIZATION

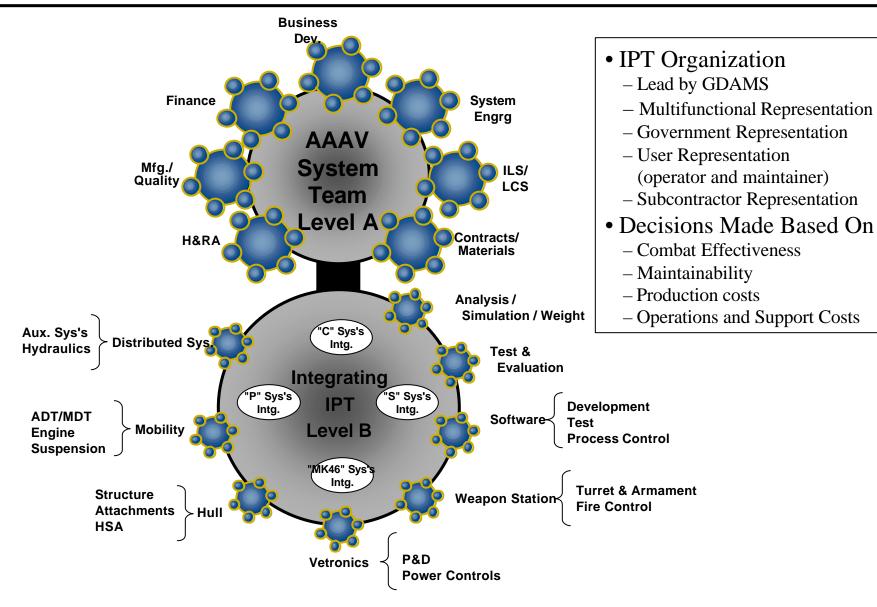


- Based on the Program's Phase of Development
- Coordinated with the Contractor's Organization to Provide For Functional Interaction, Integration at Every Level, and Appropriate Management Oversight
- A Commitment to Integrated Product Teams, But...(Somebody Has to be In Charge)
- Use of a "Joint" Program Management Team
- Shared Use of User Representatives (DT Marines, User Juries, Expanded IPTs)
- Use of Informal Networks



PILLAR #2: INTEGRATED PRODUCT TEAMS







PILLAR # 3: CO-LOCATION



- All Major Government and Contractor Functions Performed Under One (Now Two) Roofs
- Traditional "Quarterly Review" Trips Replaced by Day-to-Day Interaction
- Promotes Joint Development of Ideas and Plans
- Enhances Rapid Identification and Resolution of Problems



PILLAR # 4: INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY





- Use of a Virtual Design Database
- Ability to Monitor Design Progress
- Shared Development and Publishing of Program

Documentation

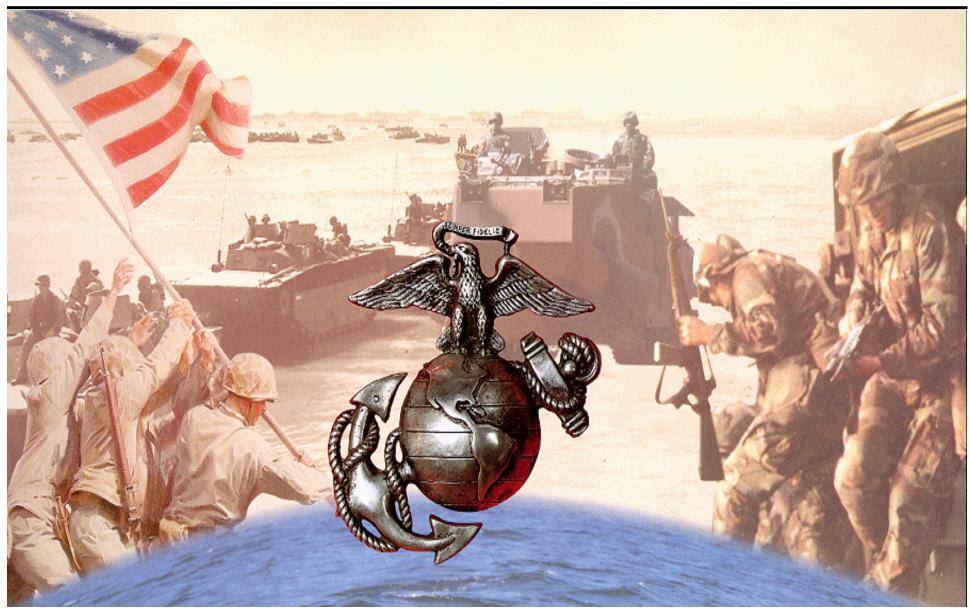
Use of a Web Site





QUESTIONS







ON LAND







AT SEA







LETHALITY



